

TYPE OF ORDER	PARENTAGE ORDER (OR SUBSTITUTE PARENTAGE ORDER)	PARENTING ORDER
LEGISLATION	Various State legislation	<a href="#"><u>Family Law Act 1975</u></a> <i>(Commonwealth)</i> – all States except WA
COURT	State Courts have jurisdiction	Federal Circuit Court or Family Court
AIM	To recognise the intended parents as the parents of the child	Usually applied in parenting disputes about child custody arrangements for separated parents.
APPLICATION	Applies to Australian surrogacy arrangements that meet legislative requirements	Might be useful after overseas surrogacy arrangements upon return to Australia, where either or both the parents are not listed on the Birth Certificate.
BIRTH CERTIFICATE	Changes the Birth Certificate to list the intended parents instead of the surrogate and her partner	Does not change the Birth Certificate
OUTCOME	Transfers parentage from the surrogate and her partner, to the intended parents	Grants parental responsibility to the intended parents.